

AP WORLD HISTORY S2 FINAL EXAM STUDY GUIDE

EXAM DATE: _____ (STUDY GUIDE DUE)

The Final Exam will cover material from **chapters 12-34** in your textbook. The following is a list of notes that we have discussed in class (PowerPoint files available at <http://mrbilbrey.com/apwh>):

- China: Tang & Song dynasties
- Chinese Influence on Japan, Korea, Vietnam (self-guided)
- Mongol Empire
- World Economy
- Transformation of the West
- Early Russia (self-guided)
- Early Latin America
- Africa & The Slave Trade
- Muslim Empires (self-guided)
- Ming China
- French Revolution
- Industrial Revolution
- Imperialism
- Consolidation of Latin America
- Civilizations in Crisis: Qing Dynasty
- World War I Aftermath
- World Between the Wars
- World War II
- Cold War
- Latin America, Middle East, Africa, and Asia after World War II
- Nation-building in East Asia and the Pacific Rim

IMPORTANT: while studying your in-class notes is highly encouraged, it is not your only source of information. Consult/review your KEY VOCABULARY, READING NOTES and TEXTBOOK!

Exam Format: multiple-choice

CHINA: TANG & SONG DYNASTIESKEY VOCABULARY:

Neo-Confucians	Jinshi
Empress Wu	Sinification
Grand Canal	Foot binding
Junks	

1. What impact did the Sui dynasty have on China in the Postclassical period?

2. Who was Empress Wu? What impact did she have on society?

3. Describe the POLITICAL and SOCIAL impact that Confucianism had on Chinese society during the Tang and Song dynasties.

4. What important technological changes occurred under the leadership of the Tang and Song dynasties?

5. Describe the urbanization of China in the era of the Tang and Song dynasties.

CHINESE INFLUENCE ON JAPAN, KOREA, VIETNAM IN POST-CLASSICAL PERIOD

KEY VOCABULARY:

Taika Reforms

Samurai

Tale of Genji

Shoguns

6. Describe the cultural impact China had on Japan, Korea, and Vietnam.

MONGOL EMPIRE

KEY VOCABULARY:

Chinggis Khan

Kuriltai

Khanates

Khagan

Kublai Khan

White Lotus Society

7. Who was Genghis Khan? Why was he so successful?

8. What were the positive/negative aspects of Mongol rule?

9. How did Mongol rule affect the development of Russia?

10. How did the Mongols affect the development of the Muslim empires of the Middle East?

11. What changes occurred in China under the leadership of Kublai Khan?

THE WORLD ECONOMY

KEY VOCABULARY:

World Economy

Dutch/British East India Company

Mercantilism

Core Nations

Seven Years War

12. What is the world economy of the Early Modern Period?

13. How/why did Europeans gain a distinctive edge in the world economy?

14. What role did companies such as the British East India Company play in the development of the world economy?

15. What is the Columbian Exchange? Provide examples of items that were exchanged (including where they were originally from).

16. What was the global POLITICAL and ECONOMIC impact of the world economy?

TRANSFORMATION OF THE WEST

KEY VOCABULARY:

Humanism	Absolute Monarchy
Protestantism	Parliamentary Monarchy
Catholic Reformation	Enlightenment
Scientific Revolution	

17. What was the European Renaissance?

18. In what ways did scholars and intellectuals begin thinking differently during the time of the Renaissance?

19. What kind of technological and social changes occurred during the Renaissance? What were their overall impacts?

20. What was the Reformation? Who was the main person behind the Reformation? Why was he angry?

21. What was the Scientific Revolution?

22. What major political changes occurred between the 17th and 18th centuries?

23. What was the Enlightenment? What was its major impact on society?

EARLY RUSSIA

KEY VOCABULARY:

Boyars

Third Rome

Time of Troubles

24. Who controlled most of Russia prior to the 14th century?

25. What is westernization?

26. Who was Peter the Great? Describe his efforts to westernize Russia.

27. Who was Catherine the Great? Describe her efforts to westernize Russia.

28. What was peasant life like in Russia during the 16th – 18th centuries? How did it compare to that of Western Europe during the same time period?

EARLY LATIN AMERICA

KEY VOCABULARY:

Encomiendas

Sociedad de castas

Creoles

Treaty of Tordesillas

Peninsulares

29. What was the encomienda system set up in the Americas by the Spanish?

30. What was the biggest factor concerning depopulation of Native Americans?

31. In what ways were the Native Americans exploited by the Europeans?

32. Describe the sociedad de castas. What were the various groups?

AFRICA & THE SLAVE TRADE

KEY VOCABULARY:

Triangular Trade

Asante/Dahomey

Middle Passage

34. What was the Middle Passage?

35. What was the triangular trade?

36. What affect did the Atlantic slave trade have on African societies?

37. Why did the slave trade end?

MUSLIM EMPIRES

KEY VOCABULARY:

Ottoman Empire

Din-i-Ilahi

Safavid Empire

Sikhs

Mughal Empire

Janissaries

38. Describe the POLITICAL/SOCIAL/ECONOMIC developments of the Ottoman Empire.

39. Describe the POLITICAL/SOCIAL/ECONOMIC developments of the Safavid Empire.

40. Describe the POLITICAL/SOCIAL/ECONOMIC developments of the Mughal Empire.

41. What once-great city did the Ottomans capture? Why did they want it?

42. Who was Akbar? What was he known for?

43. What common themes were found in all three Muslim empires?

MING DYNASTY CHINA

KEY VOCABULARY:

Asian Sea Trading Network

Hongwu

Deshima

44. Describe the Asian sea trading network prior to contact with the Europeans.

45. How did the first Ming emperor, Hongwu, bring China back to prominence?

46. What social inequalities plagued China during the Ming dynasty?

47. Why did both China and Japan implement isolationist policies during 17th and 18th centuries?

48. What affect did the policy of isolation have on both China and Japan during the Early Modern period?

FRENCH REVOLUTION

KEY VOCABULARY:

French Revolution

Declaration of Rights of Man and the Citizen

Nationalism

Congress of Vienna

49. What three main forces were at work during the "Age of Revolution?"

50. What were the main intellectual forces behind the French Revolution? What were their reasons for initiating the French Revolution?

51. Who was Napoleon Bonaparte? What is he known for?

52. What impact did Napoleon have on Europe, even after his defeat?

53. What political factions began to solidify in Europe during and after the French Revolution?

INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION

KEY VOCABULARY:

Industrial Revolution

Socialism

Feminist Movements

54. What impact did industrialization have on society?

55. What is socialism? What scholar was behind the radicalization of socialism? What were his theories?

IMPERIALISM

KEY VOCABULARY:

British Raj

Settlement colonies/White Dominions

White racial supremacy

56. How did industrialization tie into European colonization of the world?

57. What were the different types of colonies?

58. How were the Europeans able to use the native peoples of the colonies against themselves?

CONSOLIDATION OF LATIN AMERICA

KEY VOCABULARY:

Caudillos
Centralists
Federalists
Positivism
Panama Canal

59. Who led the independence movement in Haiti?

60. Who led the independence movements throughout South America? What social group were they a part of?

61. Describe the many problems that the newly independent nations of Latin America faced.

62. How was Latin America tied to Europe and the U.S. even after independence?

CIVILIZATIONS IN CRISIS: QING DYNASTY

KEY VOCABULARY:

Banner armies
Compradors
Opium War
Taiping Rebellion
Boxer Rebellion

63. What changes occurred in China under the leadership of the Qing dynasty?

64. What was the significance of the Opium Wars (1839-1860)?

65. What long-lasting impact did the Taiping and Boxer Rebellions have on Chinese society?

WORLD WAR I AFTERMATH

KEY VOCABULARY:

Self-determination

League of Nations

Zionists

Pan-African Movement

66. Why is World War I considered to be the first real world war?

67. Why was the peace process following WWI considered to be flawed?

68. How was WWI directly linked to the rise of nationalism and independence throughout the colonial world?

69. What were the key themes and key problems associated with the independence movement in India?

70. Describe Gandhi's ideas and methods concerning independence in India.

WORLD BETWEEN THE WARS

KEY VOCABULARY:

Fascism

Great Depression

Mexican Revolution

Totalitarian state

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

Collectivization

71. What was, and who was behind the idea of, fascism?

72. What led to the rise of Hitler and the Nazi party in Germany prior to WWII?

73. Summarize the WHO, WHAT, WHEN, and WHY of the revolution in China in the first half of the 20th century.

74. Summarize the WHO, WHAT, WHEN, and WHY of the revolution in Mexico in the first half of the 20th century.

75. Summarize the WHO, WHAT, WHEN, and WHY of the revolution in Russia in the first half of the 20th century.

WORLD WAR II

KEY VOCABULARY:

National Socialist

Holocaust

United Nations

Yalta Conference

Potsdam Conference

Atlantic Charter of 1841

Quit India Movement

Apartheid

76. Describe the major events of the decade leading up to WWII.

77. What was the response of the western powers, such as Britain, France, and the U.S.?

78. How was the peace process after WWII different from that of WWI?

79. How/why did WWII lead to independence in many colonies throughout the world?

COLD WAR

KEY VOCABULARY:

Cold War

Iron Curtain

North Atlantic Treaty Organization

Warsaw Pact

European Union

80. What was the Cold War?

81. What was the "Iron Curtain?"

82. How did the Cold War divide the world?

LATIN AMERICA, MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA, AND ASIA AFTER WWII

KEY VOCABULARY:

Third World

Zapatistas

Banana republics

Primary products

Neocolonial economy

83. What is the "Third World?" "First World?" Second World?"

84. Who led the Cuban revolution and what lasting impact did this have?

85. What long-lasting affects did the post-WWII population boom have on the developing nations of the world? (list nations individually)

86. How did these nations respond to these affects? (list nations individually)

NATION-BUILDING IN EAST ASIA AND THE PACIFIC RIM

KEY VOCABULARY:

Pacific Rim

Korean War

Great Leap Forward

Cultural Revolution

Viet Minh

87. Describe East Asia and the Pacific Rim immediately after WWII.

88. How did Japan quickly recover in the decades after its defeat in WWII?

89. Describe the Korean War and its long-lasting impact on society.

90. Who was Chiang Kai-shek? What was he known for?

91. Who was Mao Zedong? What was he known for?

92. What policies/reforms were in enacted in China following the communist takeover?

93. How successful were these policies/reforms?

94. Who was behind the movement for independence in Vietnam?